



Assam Textile Institute

Empowering Textile Education

Class 5

COURSE TITLE = TEXTRONICS

COURSE CODE= TT-603

by,

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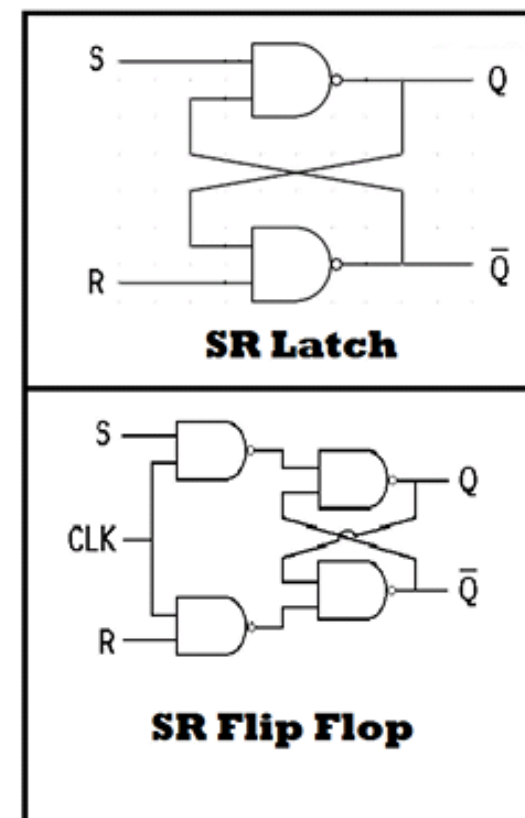
(M.TECH),(ECE)



: Latch, Flip Flop and It's Types :



- A **flip flop** is an electronic circuit with two stable states that can be used to store binary data. The stored data can be changed by applying varying inputs.
- **Flip-flops and Latches** are fundamental building blocks of digital electronics systems used in computers, communications and many other types of systems.
- Flip-flops and latches are used as data storage elements. It is the basic storage element in **sequential** logic.
- Both **Latches and flip flops** are circuit elements where the output not only depends on the current inputs, but also depends on the previous input and outputs.
- The main *difference* between the latch and flip flop is that a flip flop has a **clock signal**, whereas a latch does not have clock signals.

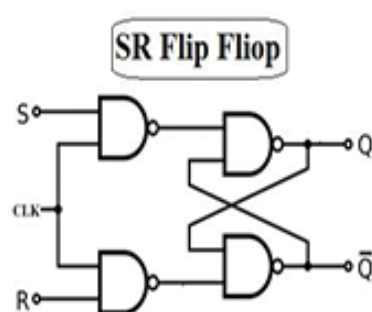




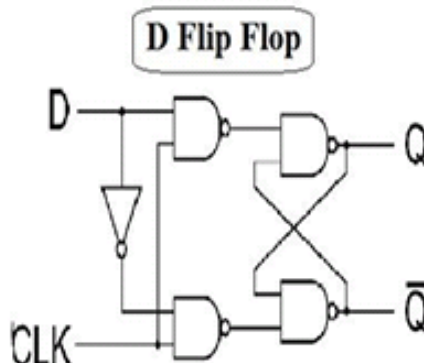
:Types of Flip Flop and Truth Tables:



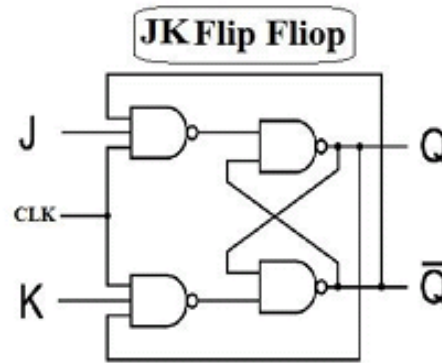
- Flip-flops can be divided into common types: the **SR** ("set-reset"), **D** ("data" or "delay"), **T** ("toggle"), and **JK**.
- The behavior of a particular type can be described by what is termed the characteristic equation, which derives the "next" (i.e., after the next clock pulse) output, Q_{next} in terms of the input signal(s) and/or the current output.



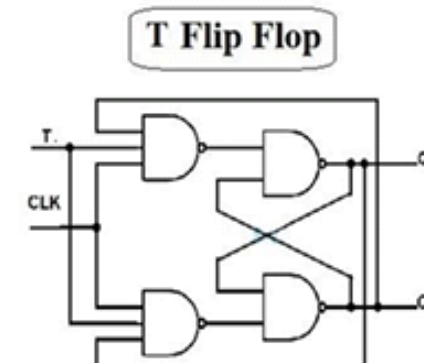
S	R	Q_{next}	Action
0	0	Q	Hold state
0	1	0	Reset
1	0	1	Set
1	1	X	Not allowed



D	Q_{next}
0	0
1	1



J	K	Q_{next}	Comment
0	0	Q	No change
0	1	0	Reset
1	0	1	Set
1	1	\bar{Q}	Toggle



T	Q_{next}
0	Q
1	\bar{Q}



:Types of Flip Flop and Truth Tables:



S	R	Q _{next}	Action
0	0	Q	Hold state
0	1	0	Reset
1	0	1	Set
1	1	X	Not allowed

S	R	Q	Q(Next)
0	0	0	0
0	0	1	1
0	1	0	0
0	1	1	0
1	0	0	1
1	0	1	1
1	1	0	X
1	1	1	X

D	Q(Next)
0	0
1	1

D	Q	Q(Next)
0	0	0
0	1	0
1	0	1
1	1	1

T	Q(Next)
0	Q
1	\overline{Q}

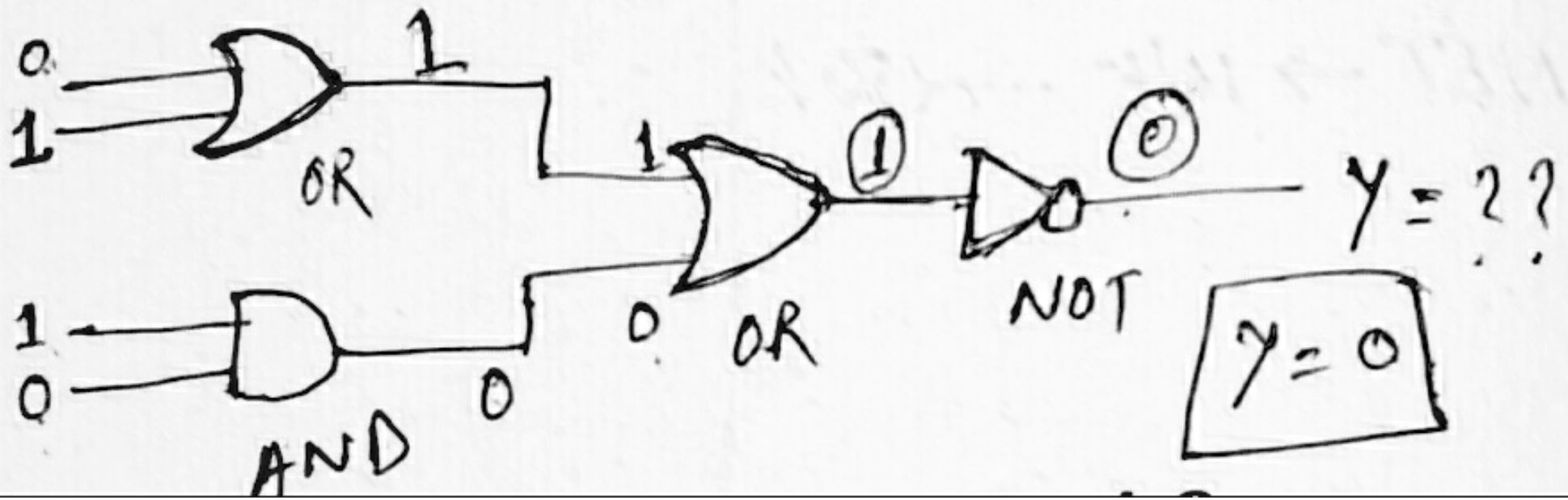
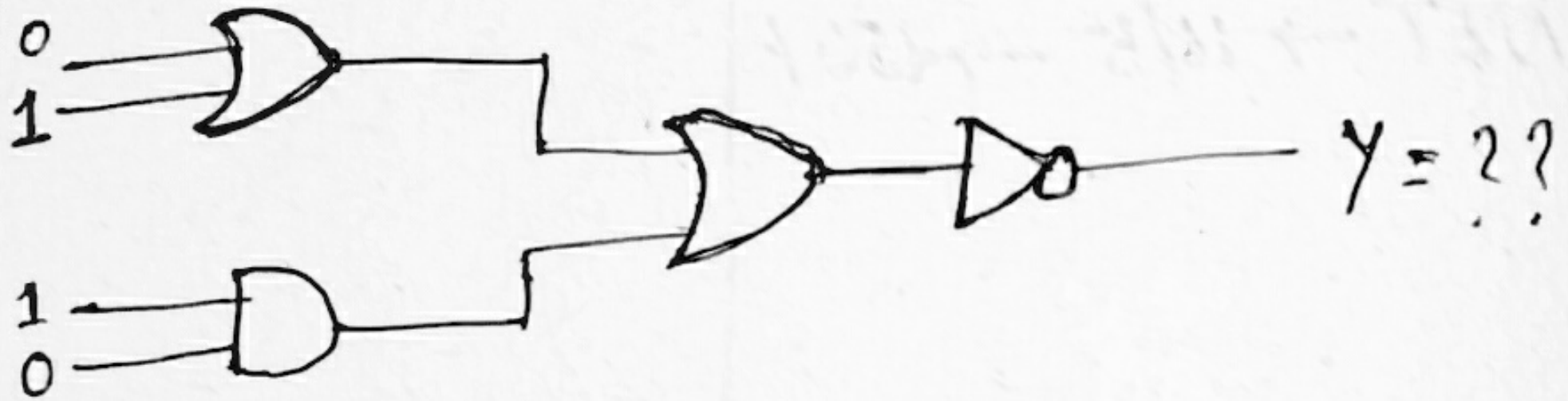
T	Q	Q(Next)
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	0

J	K	Q _{next}	Comment
0	0	Q	No change
0	1	0	Reset
1	0	1	Set
1	1	\overline{Q}	Toggle

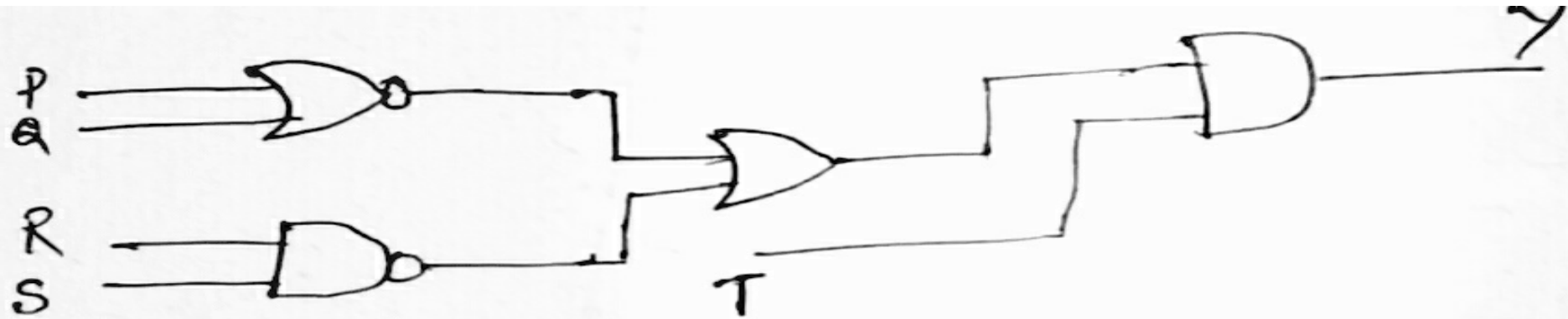
J	K	Q	Q(Next)
0	0	0	0
0	0	1	1
0	1	0	0
0	1	1	0
1	0	0	1
1	0	1	1
1	1	0	1
1	1	1	0

LOGIC GATES PROBLEM

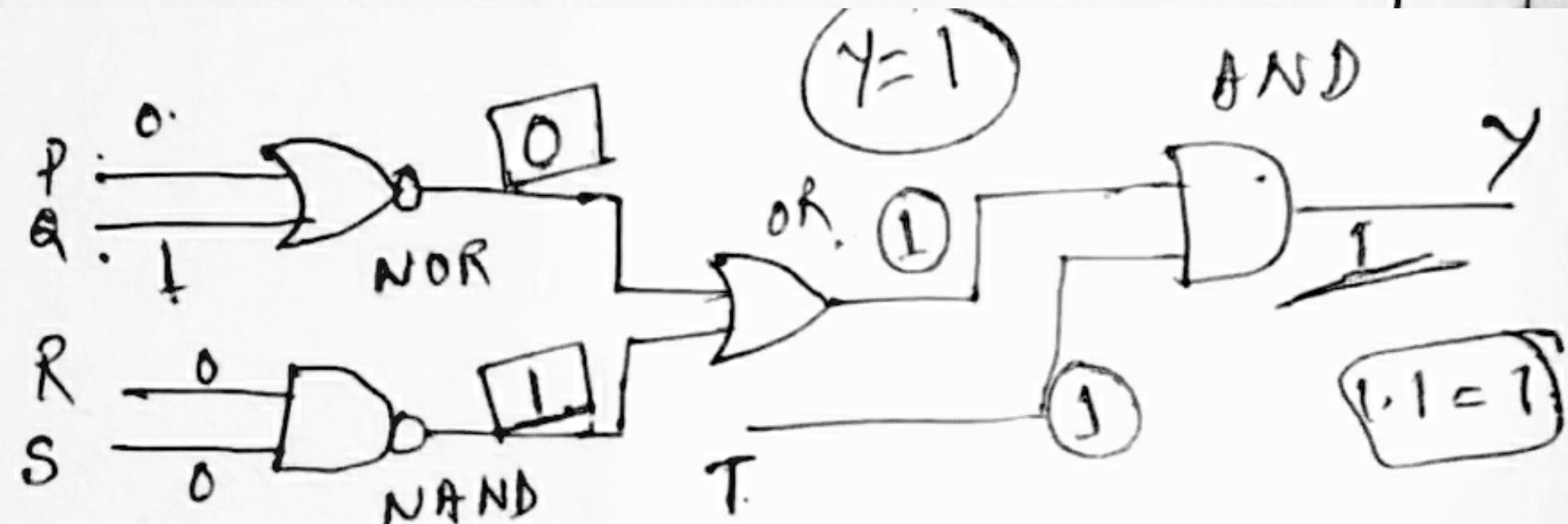
Q) Find out the value of $Y = ?$



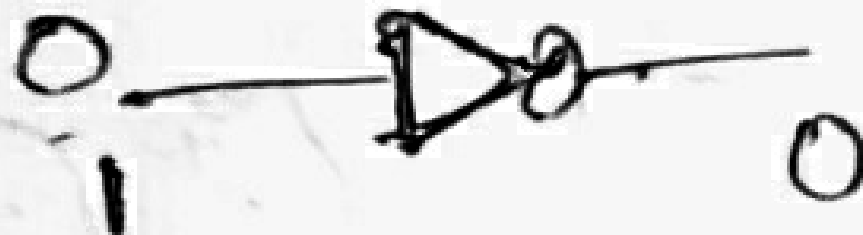
LOGIC GATES PROBLEM



⑤ Find the value of $Y = ??$ [for $P=0$
 $Q=1$
 $R=0$
 $S=0$]



Construction of NOT gate by using NOR and NAND gate



NAND \rightarrow $\overline{A \cdot B}$

NOR \rightarrow $\overline{A + B}$

