

✓ Relation between yarn dia & yarn numbering system

In the indirect system

$$\text{Count } (N) \propto \frac{\text{length}}{\text{wt}} = b$$

$$N \propto \frac{1}{\text{wt/length}}$$

If the density is constant
then we have $\frac{1}{\text{cross-sectional area}} = \frac{1}{A}$

therefore relation is to obtain

$$N \propto \frac{1}{A}$$

$$A = \frac{\pi}{4} d^2$$

$$N \propto \frac{1}{d^2}$$

$$d^2 \propto \frac{1}{N}$$

$$d \propto \frac{1}{\sqrt{N}}$$

In the direct method

$$N \propto \text{wt/length}$$

$$N \propto A \quad (\text{if density is constant}).$$

$$N \propto d^2$$

$$d \propto \sqrt{N}$$

$$N \propto (d^2)^{1/2}$$

$$N \propto d^{1/2}$$

$$N \propto HED$$

General eqn for yarn diameter.

$$d = \frac{990}{\sqrt{\frac{yd}{lb} \times Dm}} \quad | \text{Yarn density} = Dm$$

Following assumptions were taken

- ① The yarn is a cylinder with circular cross section
- ② Diameter of the circular cross section is the dia of the yarn.
- ③

Density = mass/volume

* Mass = volume × density

$$1 lb of yarn = (\text{inch})^3 \times \text{lb/inch}^3$$

Volume = area × length

$$= \frac{\pi}{4} d_{\text{inch}}^2 \times \frac{yd}{lb} \times 36 \text{ (in)}$$

$$\text{Density} = \frac{1 \text{ lb}}{\text{inch}^3} = \frac{\text{lb} \times 453.6}{(\text{inch})^3 \times (2.54)^3 \text{ cc}} = \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{cm}^3}$$

$$\Rightarrow De \times \frac{453.6}{(2.54)^3} = Dm$$

$$\Rightarrow De = \frac{(2.54)^3 \times Dm}{453.6}$$

$$\Rightarrow = 0.0361 \times Dm$$

$\text{f Mass} = \text{Volume} \times \text{Density}$

$$1.\text{lb} = \frac{\pi}{4} d^2 \times \frac{\text{yds}}{1\text{b}} \times 36 \times 0.361 \times D_m$$

$$d^2 = \frac{4 \times \text{lb} \times}{\pi \times \text{yds} \times 36 \times 0.361 \times D_m}$$

$$= \frac{0.9797}{\text{yds}/1\text{b} \times D_m} = \frac{1.038}{28.98}$$

$$d = \frac{0.990}{\sqrt{840 \times N \times D_m}} = \frac{0.990 \times \sqrt{11}}{\sqrt{840 \times N}}$$

$$d = \frac{Sdf \sqrt{N}}{\text{System diameter factor}}$$

$$\text{Cotton System } \frac{415}{1\text{b}} = 840 \times N$$

$$\checkmark d = \frac{0.990}{\sqrt{840 \times N \times D_m}} = \frac{0.342}{\sqrt{N \times D_m}}$$

$$d = Sdf \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{N \times D_m}} = \frac{Sdf \sqrt{N}}{\sqrt{N \times D_m}}$$

$$\text{worsted system } \frac{421}{1\text{b}} = 560 \times N$$

$$d = \frac{0.990}{\sqrt{560 \times N \times D_m}} = \frac{0.418}{\sqrt{N \times D_m}}$$

$\frac{P_2}{P_1} / \rho_2 / \rho_1$

(Ans)

For direct system

Daniel system

$$\frac{gm}{N}$$

$$m \\ 9000$$

$$m/gm = \frac{9000}{N}$$

$$yds/gm = \frac{9000 \times 453.6}{N \times 9144} \text{ yds}$$

$$yds/lb = \frac{9000 \times 453.6}{N \times 9144} = \frac{44645.66}{N}$$

$$d = \frac{0.990}{\sqrt{\frac{44645.66}{N} \times Dm}}$$

$$d = \frac{0.000468 \sqrt{N}}{\sqrt{Dm}}$$

$$d = \frac{\sqrt{N}}{2136 \sqrt{Dm}}$$

$$d = Sdf \sqrt{N} \sqrt{V}$$

COVER

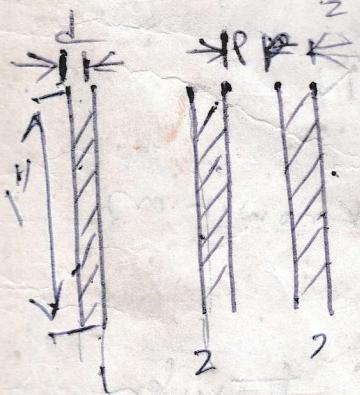
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Cover of a fabric is measure by the ratio of the projected area of the yarn in the fabric to the total area included within its outside boundary.

This ratio may be expressed as fraction or percentage form. Projected area of fabric is equal to the projected area of warp + projected area of weft - approximate allowances for the fact the area at the cross over points is covered twice once by each yarn.

Warp & weft cover

For warp & weft cover let us consider a set of parallel yarns. Having the area $= 1 \times 1$.



Fractional cover

$$= \frac{\text{Projected area}}{\text{Total area}}$$

$$= \frac{\text{Yarns/inch} \times d \times 1}{1 \times 1}$$

we have

$$\Delta \propto \frac{N}{D}$$
$$\Delta \propto \frac{1}{ND}$$

N = farm count

D = density factor

neglecting the density factor

$$\Delta \propto \sqrt{N} \rightarrow \text{Direct system}$$

$$\Delta \propto \frac{1}{\sqrt{N}} \rightarrow \text{indirect system}$$

// let n = farms / inches

Fraction of cover = $n^2/4$

and $\Delta \propto \frac{1}{\sqrt{N}}$ → Direct system

or $\Delta \propto \sqrt{N}$ → Direct system

so fraction of cover $\propto \frac{n}{\sqrt{N}}$

or

Both expression can be known on

cover factor K

$$K = \frac{n}{\sqrt{N}} \text{ for indirect system}$$

or

$$K = n\sqrt{N} \text{ for direct system}$$

$$K = n\sqrt{N}$$

Again we have

$$P = \frac{1}{n}$$

$$h = \frac{1}{P}$$

$$K = n\sqrt{N}$$

$$K = \frac{\sqrt{N}}{P} \text{ for direct system}$$

$$K = \frac{n}{\sqrt{N}}$$

$$K = \frac{1}{P\sqrt{N}} \text{ for Indirect system}$$

Actual fractional cover

cover factor calculated from the previous calculations is not recognised because although it was based on the correct relation ship between D & \sqrt{N} , it fails to recognise because of the fact that $d \propto V$ where V is the specific volume of yarn.

Another method of measure is used to measure fractional cover which gives actual fractional value.

$$\text{Actual fractional coverage} = \frac{d \times l}{P \times l} = \frac{d}{P}$$

Relation between R & d/p .

For direct system

$$d = Sdf \sqrt{N}V \quad (\text{Sdf} = \text{system diameter factor})$$

me lone

$$K = \frac{\sqrt{N}}{P}$$

$$P = \frac{\sqrt{N}}{K}$$

$$\text{Hence } \frac{d}{P} = \frac{Sdf \sqrt{N}V}{\frac{\sqrt{N}}{K}}$$

$$\approx Sdf K \sqrt{V}$$

For indirect system

$$d = \frac{Sdf \sqrt{V}}{\sqrt{N}}$$

$$R = \frac{1}{P \sqrt{N}}$$

$$P = \frac{1}{K \sqrt{N}}$$

$$\frac{d}{P} = \frac{\frac{Sdf \sqrt{V}}{\sqrt{N}}}{\frac{1}{K \sqrt{N}}}$$

Fabric Cover

Fabric cover K_c is derived in terms of the cover provided by the warp & weft. It was assumed that dia of warp & weft is the same. Fabric cover can be expressed in the form of following exp.

$K_c = \frac{\text{fraction of total area covered by warp yarn} + \text{fraction of total area covered by weft yarn}}{\text{fraction of total area covered by either set}}$

Let us consider that

$$n_1 = \text{EPI}$$

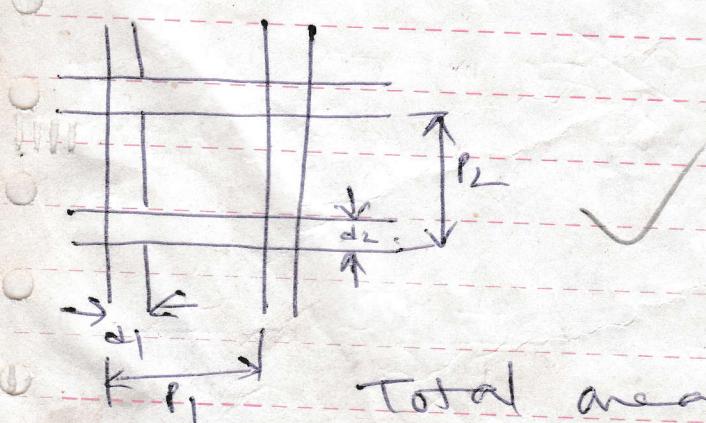
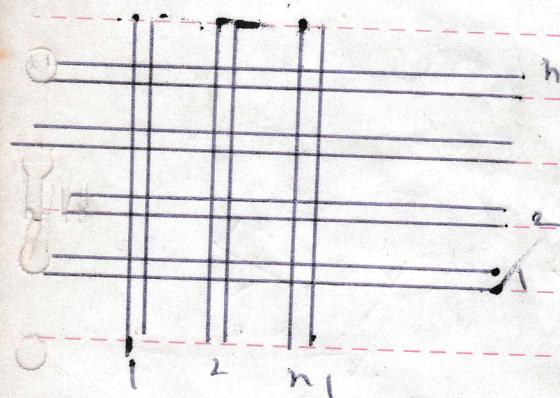
$$n_2 = \text{PPI}$$

d_1 = dia of wp

d_2 = dia of wf

P_1 = warp spacing

P_2 = weft spacing



Total area covered by the fabric - $1'' \times 1''$

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Area covered by warp per inch

$$= n_1 d_1 \times 1''$$

area covered by wt = $n_2 d_2 \times 1''$

Cross over area of each warp & weft = $n_1 n_2 d_1 d_2$

Total covered area

$$= n_1 d_1 + n_2 d_2 - n_1 n_2 d_1 d_2$$

Fractional cover

$$= \frac{n_1 d_1 + n_2 d_2 - n_1 n_2 d_1 d_2}{1 \times 1}$$

$$= \frac{d_1}{P_1} + \frac{d_2}{P_2} - \frac{d_1 d_2}{P_1 P_2}, \quad \begin{cases} P_1 = \frac{1}{n_1} \\ P_2 = \frac{1}{n_2} \end{cases}$$

from previous eqn

$$= Sdf K_1 \sqrt{V_1} + Sdf K_2 \sqrt{V_2} - Sdf K_1 K_2 \sqrt{V_1 V_2}$$

$$Sdf K_2 \sqrt{V_2}$$

The value of K_1 & K_2 are

different for diff numbering system

if both set of yarns are numbered in same system example cotton system

then

$$K_C = 0.342 (K_1 \sqrt{V_1} + K_2 \sqrt{V_2}) - (0.0342^2) K_1 K_2 \sqrt{V_1 V_2}$$

$$= \frac{K_1 \sqrt{V_1} + K_2 \sqrt{V_2}}{29.0} - \frac{K_1 K_2 \sqrt{V_1 V_2}}{(1.92)^2}$$

Assuming $N_1 = N_2$

weight at want / yd^2

$$\cancel{w} = \frac{n_1 \times 36 \times (1 + c_1)}{8 h_0 \times N_1} + \frac{n_2 \times 36 \times (1 + c_2)}{N_1 \times 8 h_0}$$

$$\cancel{w} = \frac{n_1 \times 36 \times \left(1 + \frac{K_2}{10}\right)}{8 h_0 \times N_1} + \frac{K_2 \times 36 \times \left(1 + \frac{10}{10}\right)}{N_1 \times 8 h_0}$$

$$\cancel{w} = \frac{36 \times \left(1 + n_1 (K_2)\right)}{8 h_0 \times N_1} \quad (1 + K_2)$$

weight at want / yd^2

$$2 \frac{n_2 \times 36 \times (1 + c_2)}{8 h_0 \times N_2}$$

$$2 \frac{n_2 \times 36 \times \left(1 + \frac{K_2}{10}\right)}{8 h_0 \times N_2}$$

$$2 \frac{n_2 \times 36 \times (1 + c_2)}{8 h_0 \times N_2}$$

* For complete cover

$$K_c = 1$$

$$1 = \frac{K_1 + K_2}{28} - \frac{K_1 K_2}{28^2}$$

Multiplying both sides by 28

$$28 = K_1 + K_2 - \frac{K_1 K_2}{28}$$

L.H. side of the eqn
is set for 100% cover

R.H. side of the eqn in actual fabric
cover which is equal to $\frac{K_c}{28}$ is called
cloth cover factor K.

$$K = K_1 + K_2 - \frac{K_1 K_2}{28}$$

when purely relative measuring
of cloth are required then cloth